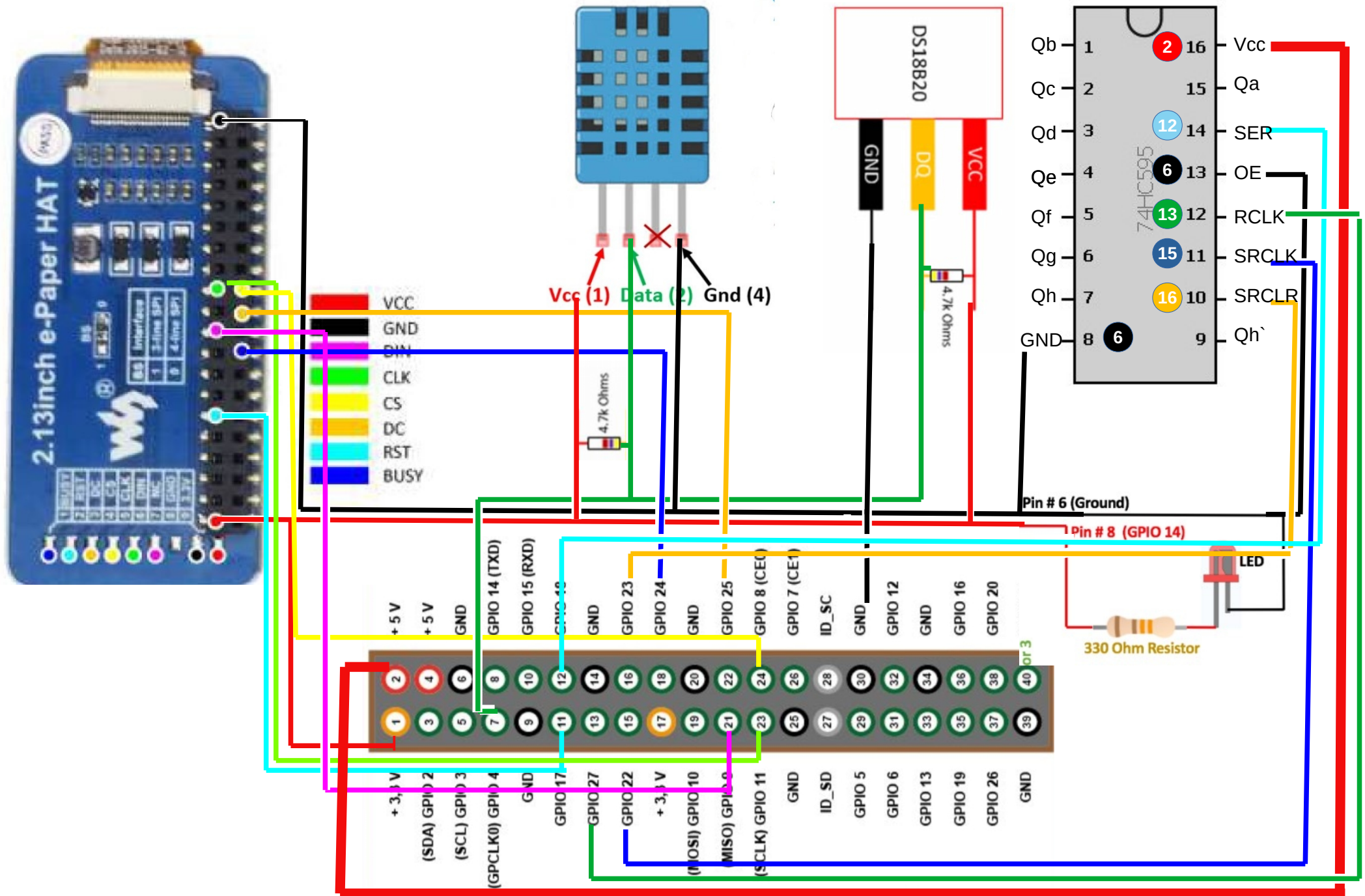


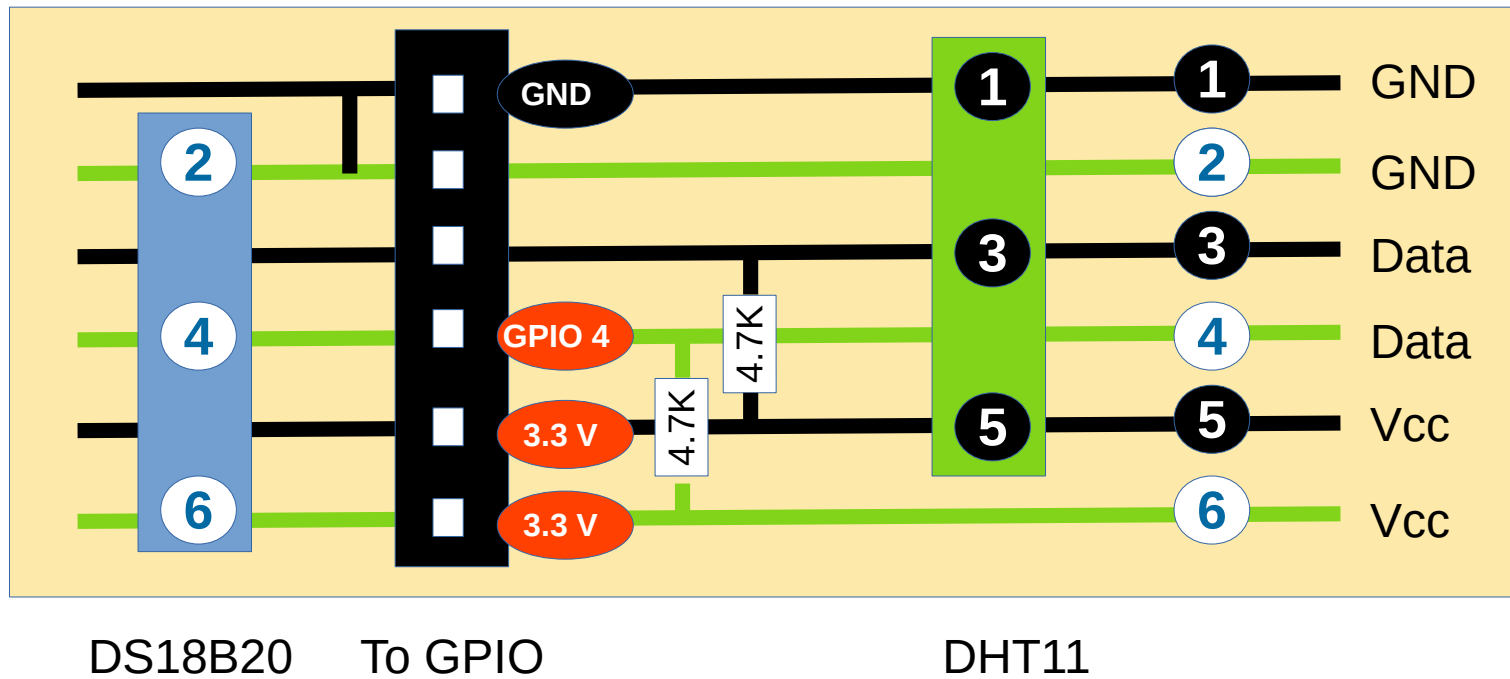
Pi Sensor – GPIO Belegung 2019-10



Multiplexer SN74HC595N

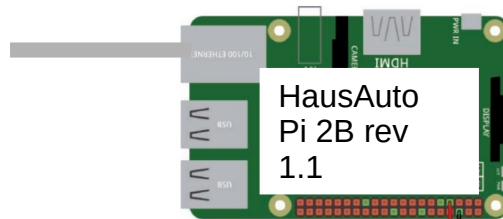
| Pin-Name | Pin- Nr | GPIO- Board | Beschreibung | Typ |
|------------------|------------|----------------|--|--------|
| GND | 8 | 6 | Ground Pin | Input |
| OE | 13 | | Output Enable is negative logic too: When the voltage on it is HIGH, the output pins are 6 disabled/set to high impedance state and don't allow current to flow. When OE gets low voltage, the output pins work normally. | Input |
| Q _A | 15 | | | |
| Q _B | 1 | | | |
| Q _C | 2 | | | |
| Q _D | 3 | | Signal Out are the output pins and should be connected to some type of output like LEDs, 7 Segments etc. | Output |
| Q _E | 4 | | | |
| Q _F | 5 | | | |
| Q _G | 6 | | | |
| Q _H | 7 | | | |
| Q _H ' | 9 | | Pin outputs bit 7 of the ShiftRegister. It is there so that we may daisychain 595s: if you connect this QH' to the SER pin of another 595, and give both ICs the same clock signal, they will behave like a single IC with 16 outputs. Of course, this technique is not limited to two ICs – you can daisychain as many as you like, if you have enough power for all of them. | Output |
| RCLK | 12 | 13 | Register Clock / Latch is a very important pin. When driven HIGH, the contents of Shift Register are copied into the Storage/Latch Register; which ultimately shows up at the output. So the latch pin can be seen as like the final step in the process to seeing our results at the output, which in this case are LEDs. | Input |
| SER | 14 | 12 | Serial pin is used to feed data into the shift register a bit at a time. | Input |
| SRCLK | 11 | 15 | Shift Register Clock is the clock for the shift register. The 595 is clock-driven on the rising edge. This means that in order to shift bits into the shift register, the clock must be HIGH. And bits are transferred in on the rising edge of the clock | Input |
| SRCLR | 10 | 16 | Shift Register Clear pin allows us to reset the entire Shift Register, making all its bits 0, at once. This is a negative logic pin, so to perform this reset; we need to set the SRCLR pin LOW. When no reset is required, this pin should be HIGH. | Input |
| VCC | 16 | 2 | Power | Input |

Platine Anschluss DS18B20 und DHT11 an SensorPi

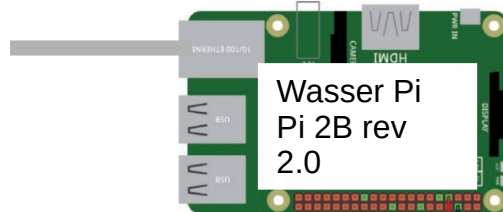




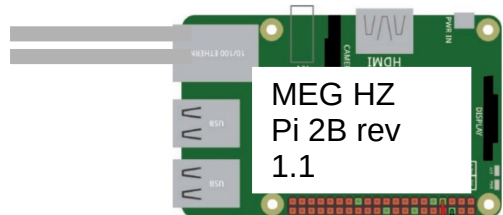
Betrieb



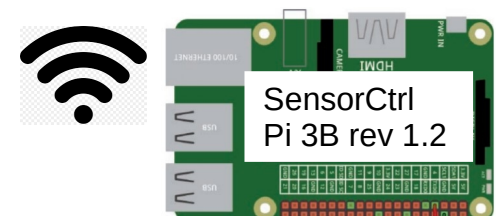
Lan 192.168.1.44
OG Schlafen Sigrid



Lan 192.168.1.xx
Wlan 192.168.1.xx
UG Basteln



Lan 192.168.1.45
HZ Lan 192..188.101.2
UG Technik



Lan 192.168.1.46
Wlan 192.168.1.47
UG Basteln

Experiment

